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Pentagon Experts Cite Evidence

That Raids Reduce V. 7

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News Analysis

would be more American casual-tics. The efforts to hait the flow through Laos and on the vari-ous trails across the demilita-rized zone, and the attacks on plained that foodstocks they had North Vietnam's communications are related directly by the stops had not been there. military to the ground war in the South.

Too-High Expectations Seen

dramatic bombings.

The limitations on the bombpostponed its effects but none materials and other items have theless the Pentagon believes been reported intermittently. that the results have become

indeed, that it may even have stroyed. stiffened it, that it has not prevented the strengthening and supplying of Communist forces in South Vietnam, and that it represents a dangerous expansional Attitude Is Unchanged

The bombings so far have produced no change in the intransional tosignant attitude of Hanoi tosion of the war.

perts believe the North Vict-namese-Victoong main force But it may take a long time 150 tons of supplies a day—cr-level discontent to influence chiefly in ammunition and higher-level decisions.

reduced to 90 tons a day, or bombing has intensified.

perhaps 75 tons, and there were The case for bombing, in Pen-

Renewed suggestions that the the infiltration of North Vict-United States bombings of namese replacements has not been reduced but probably has increased to 4,500 a month, or Senior officers, including perhaps 6,000. It is impossible, members of the Joint Chiefs of they say, to prevent small Staff, said last week that unless such a halt in bombing of
Communist sanctuaries and
supply lines were

Staff, said last week that ungroups of men from traveling
underneath the concealing canopy of jungle.

But the men carry only their

But the men carry only their accompanied by a halt in the ifiltration of enemy reammunition and a little rice, the piacements and authorities say, and surveys supplies into South Vietnam, the price paid would be more American casual-nourished and somewhat de-

been supposed to find at rest

In North Vietnam, the disrup-tion of railroad, road and water lines of communication has resulted in the diversion of 230,000 Pentagon sources believe that to 300,000 men, including 20,000 the public, misled by overenthuto 40,000 Chinese railway labor siastic statements by a few Air workers, to track-reconstruct Force officers, expected more tion, bridge-rebuilding and preresults from the paration of alternate routes.

Because of the bombing of transportation bottlenecks; ing campaign have delayed and shortages of food, construction

A fraction of North Victnam's that the results have become more important and that bombing is today a major factor in what has become a war of attrition.

Opponents of the bombing All but 20 per cent of North Victnam's destroyed by the bombing.

All but 20 per cent of North Victnam's known petroleum break the resistance of Hanoi, indeed, that it may even have stroyed.

ward peace talks. But Defense

sion of the war.

However, Pentagon appraisals of the bombing campaign's effects rebut most of these points.

There has been a definite reduction in the supply tonnages transported, by various means, into South Vietnam from the North, they say.

United States intelligence experts believe the North Vietnam from population eenters.

units in the South require about most authorities agree, for low

weapons.

The bombing, these officials
The intelligence experts re-believe, has not seriously inlate the infrequency of major creased the risk of a general
Communist operations carlier war. Chinese aid is still limited, his year to supply inadequacies, and contrary to many predic-Various sources estimate that tions, the split between Peking the supply tonnages have been and Moscow has widened as the

Approved For Release tall 12 4 20 ced 1857 upon 8 502 149 200 100130004-2 bombing reduces United States These authorities believe that casualties.